# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



RACING ATF

Section 1. Identifi	ication	
GHS product identifier	: RACING ATF	
Product code	: SD32	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses		
Not available.		
Uses advised against	Reason	
Not available.		
Supplier's details	Royal Purple, Inc. 1 Royal Purple Lane Porter, Texas 77365 USA Phone:281-354-8600 Emergency Phone:281-354-8600	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: 24 hr. CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 / International 1-703-527-3887	
Section 2. Hazard	Is identification	
OSHA/HCS status	While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.	
Classification of the substance or mixture	: Not classified.	
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 68.3%	
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 67%	
GHS label elements		
Signal word	: No signal word.	
Hazard statements	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	: Not applicable.	
Response	: Not applicable.	
Storage	: Not applicable.	
Disposal	: Not applicable.	
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.	

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number

: Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
	≥5 - <10 ≥0.1 - <0.25	68515-49-1 128-39-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Skin contact Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. : Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position Ingestion comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up			
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.		

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	1	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from
including any		direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials
incompatibilities		(see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until
		ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept
		upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate
		containment to avoid environmental contamination

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits
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None.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

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Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			
Physical state	: Liquid.		
Color	: Not available.		
Odor	: Not available.		
Odor threshold	: Not available.		
рН	: Not available.		
Melting point	: Not available.		
Boiling point	: Not available.		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 221°C (429.8°F)		
Evaporation rate	: Not available.		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 05/18/2015	Version : 1	4/9

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.32 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (32 cSt)

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	16000 mg/kg	-
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit	>60000 mg/kg >10 g/kg 1320 mg/kg	- - -

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 Mililiters	-
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rat	-	0.5 Mililiters	-

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs	
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation	

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	1	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
ects
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Not available.

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich	8.8	0.1	low
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	4.5	-	high

#### <u>Mobility in soil</u>

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	:	TSCA 8(a) CDR E	xempt/Parti	al exemption	: Not determin	ed	
		At least one component is not listed.					
		Clean Water Act (	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: toluene; benzene				
		Clean Water Act (	CWA) 311: t	oluene; benze	ene		
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Not listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed					
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed					
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not listed					
SARA 302/304							
Composition/information	on ir	igredients					
No products were found.							
SARA 304 RQ		Not applicable.					
SARA 311/312							
Classification	1	Not applicable.					
Composition/information	on ir	igredients					
Name		%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic ac C9-11-branched alkyl ester		i- ≥5 - <10	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

#### **State regulations**

2,6-di-tert-butylphenol

C10-rich

Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: MINERAL OIL (UNTREATED and MILDLY TREATED)</li> </ul>
Pennsylvania	: None of the components are listed.

No.

No.

No.

Yes.

No.

### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di- C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich	No.	Yes.	No.	Yes.

#### International lists

National inventory	
Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.

≥0.1 - <0.25

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: At least one component is not listed.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Not classified.	
History	

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 05/18/2015
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.